

Name: Key Date: _____ Block: _____

FOM 10- Chapter 8 Practice Test

/40

Make sure your calculator is in DEGREE mode!

$$S \frac{O}{H} C \frac{A}{H} T \frac{O}{A}$$

$$a^2 + b^2 = c^2$$

/1 Correct Units and Rounding (1 mark)

Notes/Steps

Each question is written response. Show all of your work.

1. Find each ratio to four decimal places using a calculator:

(0.5 marks each)

a) $\sin 37^\circ = \underline{0.6018}$

b) $\cos 68^\circ = \underline{0.3746}$

c) $\tan 18^\circ = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$

2. Find the measure of each angle θ to one decimal place

(0.5 marks each):

a) $\sin \theta = 0.5428$

$\theta = \underline{32.9^\circ}$

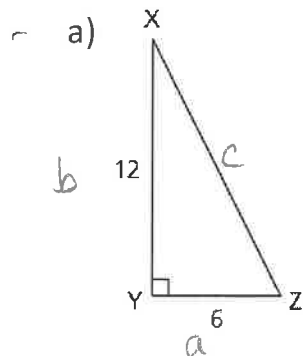
b) $\cos \theta = 0.6367$

$\theta = \underline{50.5^\circ}$

c) $\tan \theta = 2.1476$

$\theta = \underline{65.0^\circ}$

3. Use Pythagoras to find the measure of the missing side to one decimal place. (2 marks each)



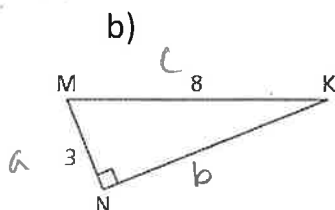
$$a^2 + b^2 = c^2$$

$$6^2 + 12^2 = c^2$$

$$36 + 144 = c^2$$

$$c = \sqrt{180}$$

$y = \underline{13.4}$



$$b^2 = c^2 - a^2$$

$$b^2 = 8^2 - 3^2$$

$$b^2 = 64 - 9$$

$$b = \sqrt{55}$$

$m = \underline{7.4}$

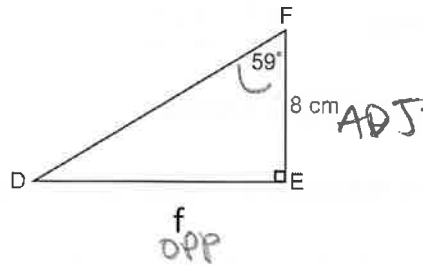
Notes/Steps

Each question is written response. Show all of your work.

4. Determine the measure of the indicated **side** in each triangle.

Round to the nearest tenth. (2 marks each)

a)

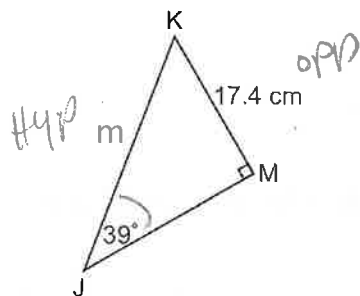


$$\tan 59 = \frac{f}{8}$$

$$f = 8 \tan 59$$

$$f = \underline{13.3 \text{ cm}}$$

b)



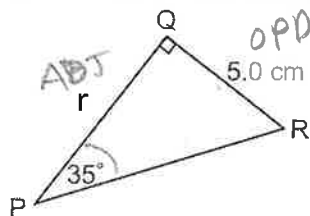
$$\sin 39 = \frac{17.4}{m}$$

$$m = \frac{17.4}{\sin 39}$$

$$m = \underline{27.6 \text{ cm}}$$

$$m = \frac{17.4}{0.6293}$$

c)

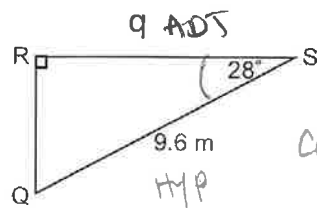


$$\tan 35 = \frac{5}{r}$$

$$r = \frac{5}{\tan 35}$$

$$r = \underline{7.1 \text{ cm}}$$

d)



$$\cos 28 = \frac{q}{9.6}$$

$$q = 9.6 \cos 28$$

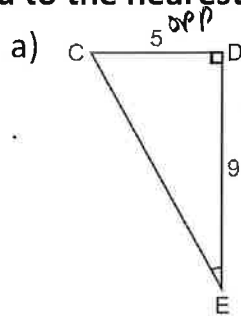
$$q = \underline{8.5 \text{ cm}}$$

Notes/Steps

Each question is written response. Show all of your work.

5. Determine the measure of the indicated **angle** in each triangle.

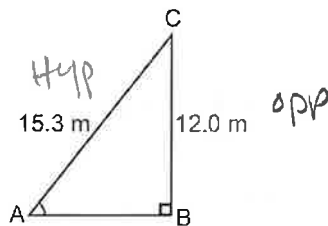
Round to the nearest tenth. (2 marks each)



adj $\tan \theta = \frac{5}{9}$
 $\theta = \tan^{-1}\left(\frac{5}{9}\right)$

$E = \underline{29.1^\circ}$

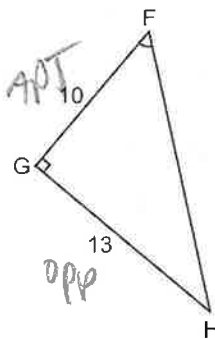
b)



$\sin \theta = \frac{12.0}{15.3}$
 $\theta = \sin^{-1}\left(\frac{12.0}{15.3}\right)$

$A = \underline{51.7^\circ}$

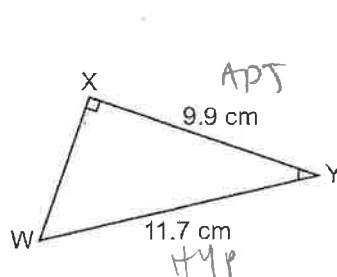
c)



$\tan \theta = \frac{10}{13}$
 $\theta = \tan^{-1}\left(\frac{10}{13}\right)$

$F = \underline{52.4^\circ}$

d)



$\cos \theta = \frac{9.9}{11.7}$
 $\theta = \cos^{-1}\left(\frac{9.9}{11.7}\right)$

$Y = \underline{32.7^\circ}$

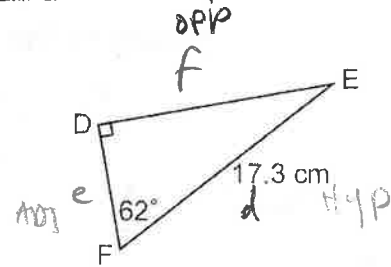
Notes/Steps

Each question is written response. Show all of your work.

6. **Solve** the following triangles to one decimal place: (3 marks each)

a)

| | |
|-----------------------------------|-----------------------------------|
| $\angle D = \underline{90^\circ}$ | $d = \underline{17.3}$ |
| $\angle E = \underline{28^\circ}$ | $e = \underline{8.1 \text{ cm}}$ |
| $\angle F = \underline{62^\circ}$ | $f = \underline{15.3 \text{ cm}}$ |



$$\angle E = 180 - 90 - 62$$

$$= 28^\circ$$

side e

$$\cos 62 = \frac{e}{17.3}$$

$$e = 17.3 \cos 62$$

$$= 8.1 \text{ cm}$$

side f

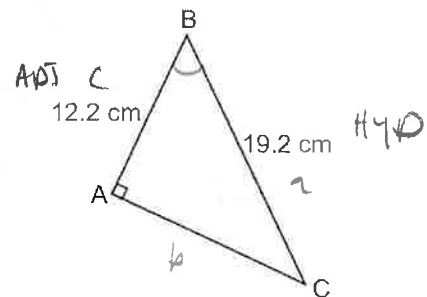
$$\sin 62 = \frac{f}{17.3}$$

$$f = 17.3 \sin 62$$

$$= 15.3 \text{ cm}$$

b)

| | |
|-------------------------------------|-----------------------------------|
| $\angle A = \underline{90}$ | $a = \underline{19.2 \text{ cm}}$ |
| $\angle B = \underline{50.5^\circ}$ | $b = \underline{14.8 \text{ cm}}$ |
| $\angle C = \underline{39.5^\circ}$ | $c = \underline{12.2 \text{ cm}}$ |



$$\angle B = \cos^{-1} \frac{\text{ADJ}}{\text{HYP}}$$

$$\cos B = \frac{12.2}{19.2}$$

$$\angle B = \cos^{-1} \left(\frac{12.2}{19.2} \right)$$

$$= 50.4^\circ$$

$$\angle C = 180 - 90 - 50.4^\circ$$

$$= 39.6^\circ$$

side b:

$$12.2^2 + b^2 = 19.2^2$$

$$19.2^2 - 12.2^2 = b^2$$

$$b = \sqrt{219.8}$$

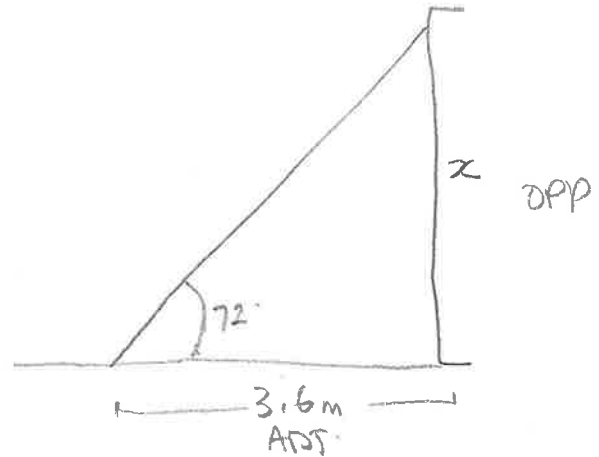
$$b = 14.8 \text{ cm}$$

Notes/Steps

Each question is written response. Show all of your work.

7. A ladder leans against a wall. The base of the ladder is on level ground 3.6m from the wall. The angle between the ladder and the ground is 72° . How far up the wall does the ladder reach (to the nearest tenth of a metre)? (2 marks)

$$\tan \theta = \frac{\text{OPP}}{\text{ADJ}}$$
$$\tan 72 = \frac{x}{3.6}$$
$$x = 3.6 \tan 72$$
$$x = 11.1 \text{ m}$$

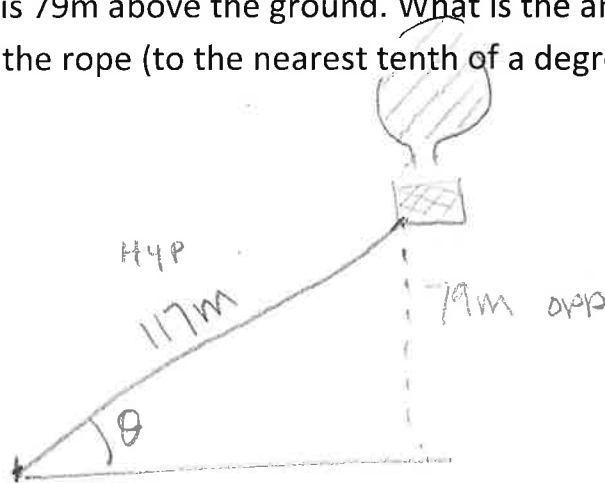


Sentence answer:

The ladder reaches 11.1 m up the wall

8. A rope that anchors a hot air balloon to the ground is 117m long. The balloon is 79m above the ground. What is the angle of elevation of the rope (to the nearest tenth of a degree)? (2 marks)

$$\sin \theta = \frac{\text{OPP}}{\text{HYP}}$$
$$\sin \theta = \frac{79}{117}$$
$$\theta = \sin^{-1}\left(\frac{79}{117}\right)$$
$$= 42.5^\circ$$



Sentence answer:

The angle of elevation of the rope is 42.5°.

Notes/Steps

Each question is written response. Show all of your work.

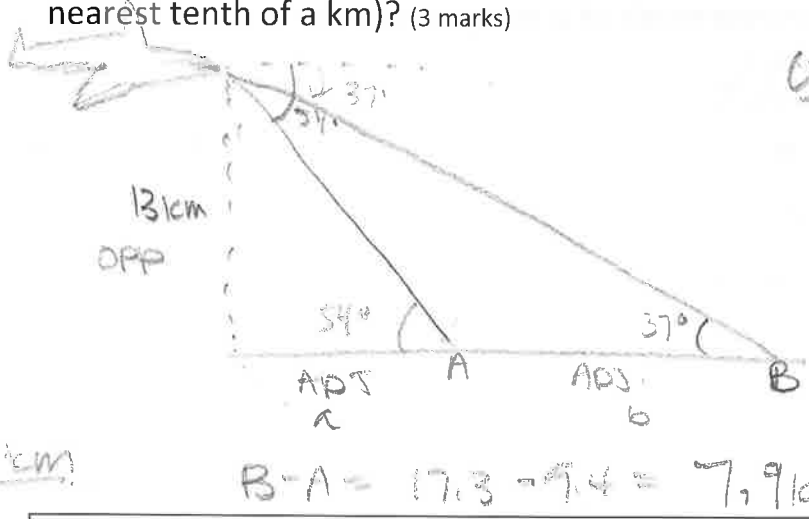
9. A passenger in an airplane flying at an altitude of 13 km spots two cities directly to the right. The angle of depression to the towns are 37° and 54° . How far is it between the two cities (to the nearest tenth of a km)? (3 marks)

City A

$$\tan \theta = \frac{\text{opp}}{\text{adj}}$$

$$\tan 54 = \frac{13}{a}$$

$$a = \frac{13}{\tan 54} = 9.4 \text{ km}$$



City B

$$\tan 37 = \frac{13}{b}$$

$$b = \frac{13}{\tan 37}$$

$$= 17.3 \text{ km}$$

$$B - A = 17.3 - 9.4 = 7.9 \text{ km}$$

Sentence answer:
There is 7.9 km between the two cities.

10. An isosceles triangle has a base of 28 in. If the two equal sides meet at an angle of 34° , how long are they (to the nearest inch)? (3 marks)



$$l = ?$$

$$\sin \theta = \frac{\text{opp}}{\text{hyp}}$$

$$\sin 17 = \frac{14}{l}$$

$$l = 14 / \sin 17$$

$$l = 47.88 \approx 48$$

Sentence answer:
The length of each side is 48 inches